OUR STATE ARMY AND NAVY

A JOURNAL FOR OUR VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

(*Copyrighted*)

VOL. II.—NO. 8. PHILADELPHIA, SEPTEMBER, 1899 TERMS { $1.50 per year, in advance. Single copies, 15 cents.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL RUFUS C. ELDER

5th Infantry

Right Training is Better than Riches—school motto

Cheltenham Military Academy

ON THE
SUMMIT
OF THE
CHELTEN HILLS
NEAR PHILADELPHIA

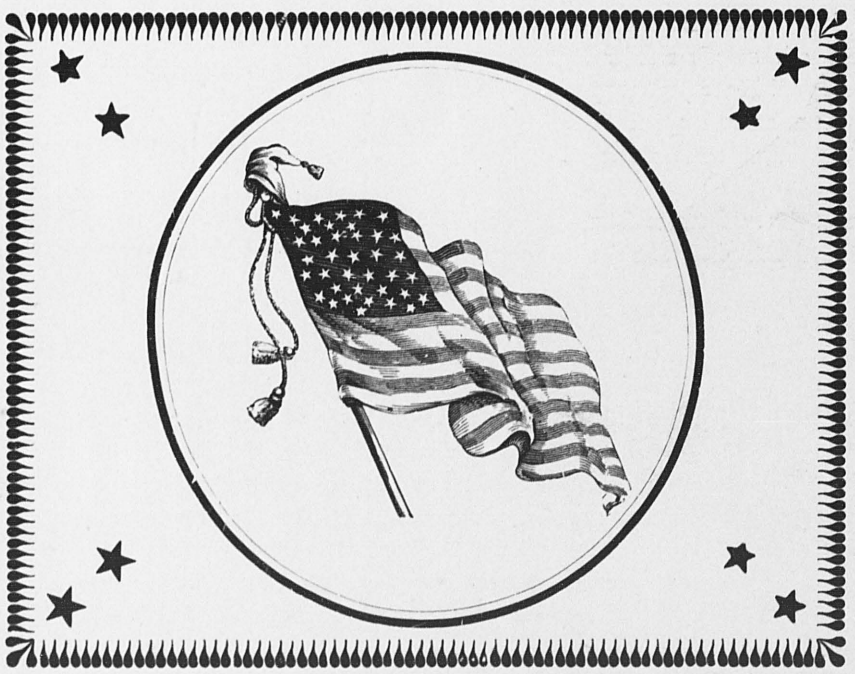
AN IDEAL SCHOOL IN AN IDEAL LOCATION

FROM its first opening in 1871, the Academy has enjoyed the best class of patronage and has met with unusual success in the training and education of young men and boys. A majority of its graduates enter leading colleges and scientific schools, and for the past five years its annual representation in such institutions has equalled one-half the attendance of the school. Among the features which have contributed to the success of the institution, the following command themselves at once to persons who are interested in the selection of schools for boys: 1. A location and environment rarely equalled for beauty and heathfulness. 2. Good buildings and equipment. 3. A high moral tone and influence. 4. An honest endeavor to train and educate the *whole* boy rather than merely to prepare him to pass college entrance examinations. 5. An unexcelled opportunity for in-door and out-door sports and recreation.

Illustrated catalogue on application to the Principal, **Ogontz, Pa.**

REV. JOHN D. SKILTON, Principal.

The U. S. Army and Navy, 1776-1899



A History from the era of the REVOLUTION down to the close of the SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR

A beautiful art edition, magnificently illustrated, handsomely bound, in fact a **Regular $25 Book for only $10.** One of the most interesting books ever published. It describes graphically the operations of the Army and Navy from 1776 down to the close of the Spanish-American War. It gives interesting chapters on the Army, how they are fed, clothed, paid and generally cared for. The Spanish-American War, every military and naval operation described in detail. **ADMIRAL DEWEY'S OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE BATTLE OF MANILA, Rear Admiral Sampson's official report** of the action off Santiago, etc. **We manufacture this book ourselves,** and add to the cost of material and workmanship only one small profit, which enables us to offer it at this remarkably low price. It contains **43 large, full-page colored lithographic illustrations,** 160 pages of text, 13½x18 inches, full gilt edge, printed on extra heavy, velvet-finished book paper made expressly for this publication and bound in morocco and alligator grain keratol of a rich, deep brown and blue color. **This magnificent book sent prepaid upon receipt of $10.00, or by express, C. O. D., subject to examination,** upon receipt of **$1.00** with the order as evidence of good faith. **If it is not as represented above, do not take it.** Order at once as this is an opportunity that will not again be afforded by any publishing house. **Write us for our catalogue of books, free.** Address all orders to

THE WERNER COMPANY, Akron, Ohio

[The Werner Company is Thoroughly Reliable.]—Editor

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

THE reports of the Inspector General and Inspecting Officers, giving results of spring inspections, are hereby published for the information of all concerned.

II. The recommendations of the Brigade Inspector, First Brigade, as to Company B, Sixth Regiment Infantry, Company I, Nineteenth Regiment Infantry, and Companies A, D, E, F and G, Twentieth Regiment Infantry, have been approved, and the several companies named mustered out of the service.

The Brigade Inspector found it necessary to comment unfavorably upon the condition and discipline of some of the organizations of the First Brigade, and the attention of the Commanding Officers of such organizations as were thus commented upon is directed thereto.

Attention of Commanding Officers is also directed to the necessity of properly marking all State property.

III. The recommendation of the Brigade Inspector, Second Brigade, as to Hutter Book is disapproved.

The recommendation "that shortages in equipment reported by the inspectors should be filled at once from the Arsenal and charged to the company without waiting for requisition," is approved. The recommendation that the "equipment issued to the companies in the future be marked with the company letter and regimental number at the State Arsenal before being issued," is approved. The latter recommendation will be made a subject for general orders from the Adjutant General's office.

IV. The attention of Commanding Officers is also directed to the suggestions of the Brigade Inspector, Third Brigade, with regard to carelessness in executing "Order Arms." Recommendations of the Brigade Inspector, Third Brigade, as to Companies A and L, Seventh Regiment Infantry, Company I, Eleventh Regiment Infantry, and Companies E and F, Thirteenth Regiment Infantry, have been approved, and the several companies named mustered out of the service.

COLONEL WM. E. THOMPSON
14th Infantry

Brigadier General Thomas J. Stewart, Adjutant General of Pennsylvania,
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania:

Sir:—I have the honor to state that in compliance with General Orders No. 8, A. G. O., c. s., the several organizations of the Guard have been inspected, and the reports of the Brigade Inspectors are forwarded herewith.

The delay in forwarding the reports is due to the facts, first, that three or four of the Regiments were slow in "mustering in" after their return from the volunteer service; second, that some of the reports had to be returned to the Inspectors for correction.

I would respectfully call attention to the recommendations of the Brigade Inspectors, all of which have the approval of the Division Inspector, as well as the Inspector General, excepting the recommendation of Major Penney, as to the change of the Hutter Book, which is not approved. The Hutter Book with the modifications, as suggested from this department, being the simplest method of keeping records.

Attention is particularly called to the improper care of pieces. Company Commanders should see that the men are properly instructed in the method of cleaning the rifle. Hereafter where pieces are misused, by improper and ignorant handling of them, this department will recommend the reblueing of same, the expenses thereof to be deducted from the company's annual allowance.

Attention is called to the proper marking of State property. Hereafter Inspectors will be instructed not to allow credit for articles not properly marked, and will also be instructed to prefer charges of "disobedience of orders" against any Captain whose State property is not marked.

Inspectors neglected to require financial reports, at this inspection, but as most of the commands, from whom they would have been expected, have been mustered out, and have made report direct to you, I thought best not to delay reports in order to get them.

I am pleased to note the general satisfaction given in fit and workmanship of the clothing now made for the Guard at the State Arsenal. This is as it should be, will not only be a saving to the State, but will insure uniformity in cut, material and workmanship, all of which will prove beneficial to the Guard, in giving comfort and nattiness of appearance to the men.

I would recommend the publication of the reports of the Brigade Inspectors.

Very respectfully,
FRANK G. SWEENEY,
Inspector General.

Colonel Frank G. Sweeney, Inspector General National Guard of Pennsylvania:

Sir:—I have the honor to report that in compliance with G. O. No. 8, and G. O. No. 10, c. s., Headquarters National Guard of Pennsylvania, I have inspected all the companies of the First Brigade and forward herewith the rolls and returns of State property. The inspections commenced with the First Battalion, First Regiment, on the night of April 10th, and concluded with the Second Troop, P. C. C., on the afternoon of June 3d, at Fort Side Inn. I shall arrange my report in the order as the several commands were inspected, commencing with the First Regiment, First Battalion, Companies I, F, G, E and H made a most excellent appearance, the personnel being of a superior order, and the physical development of the men very good. The Second Battalion, Companies B, C, D, K and A was paraded on the night of April 11th, the personnel being of the same order as that of the First Battalion, and the physical development of the men very good. A good regiment and well calculated to maintain its high record of the past. Colonel Bowman and field and staff officers were present on both nights; General Snowden was also present.

The First Battalion, Second Regiment, Companies G, I, B, D, E, paraded on the night of April 12th, with a fair percentage present. The Second Battalion reported on the night of April 13th, Companies K, A,

C, H, F, all with a fair percentage present, with the exception of Company F, which presented 3 officers and 22 enlisted men out of an aggregate of 57, which fact I communicated to you and was directed to make a reinspection, which was done on Friday night, June 2d, when the company paraded 3 officers and 49 men out of an aggregate of 58. The personnel of the several companies of this regiment is fair only, and the physical development of the men could be improved upon very much. I would suggest a systematic drill of the setting up exercises for their general improvement. General Schall was present on the night of the 13th. April 14th I inspected Company G, Sixth Regiment, in its armory at Doylestown, Pa. The personnel very good, physical development excellent, and it ought to make a good company. April 15th Company A, Sixth Regiment, was inspected in its armory at Pottstown, Pa. An excellent company both in personnel and physique, and a large percentage of the men served in the Spanish-American war. Lieut. Colonel Shenton was present at the inspection.

Battery D was inspected in its armory on the night of April 17th, and made a very good impression. It is composed of young enthusiastic men, all of whom seem to be greatly interested in the success of the battery, and I doubt not if they were properly equipped would be able to give a good account of themselves.

Battery A was inspected in its armory on the night of April 18th, immediately after its muster in, with a percentage of 87.67 present, most all of whom had served with battery in the United States volunteer service. An excellent company.

The Battalion State Fencibles was inspected in their armory on the night of April 19th. The companies presented a very good appearance. The personnel is good, as is also the physical development. Major Brazer was absent, being sick at home.

Company I, Sixth regiment, was inspected in its armory at West Chester, Pa., on the night of April 21st. A good company, excellent personnel and good physical development.

Company M, Twentieth regiment, was inspected the same night on the street in front of its armory and although the use of the armory of Company I, Sixth Regiment, was offered, the courtesy for some unknown reason was declined. This company in the setting up exercises, drill and guard duty was very deficient, the inefficiency of the non-commissioned officers was particularly noticeable. Colonel Leland, Lieut. Colonel Devine and Major Lloyd were present.

First Troop, P. C. C., paraded for inspection, dismounted, on the afternoon of April 22d, in the riding school on Twenty-third street, below Pine street, in State pattern uniform, armed with sabre and revolver. The men were very neat in personal appearance, which shows the careful attention given to small details which are so frequently passed by as being of no importance, but which is always criticised by Inspectors. The personnel superior, the physical development most excellent. General Snowden was present.

April 25th I inspected in their armory at Chester, Pa., Companies B and C, Sixth Regiment, and Company L, Twentieth Regiment, at which we had the presence of yourself and Lieut. Colonel Campbell. Company B presented but 60.31 per cent. of its aggregate. The personnel is fair and physical development very good. I would recommend the non-acceptance of this company for its palpable lack of discipline. Company C made a very good appearance. The personnel and physical development of the men being very good. Company L presented 3 officers and 51 men, one hundred per cent. present. In personal appearance and military bearing excellent. I questioned the position of parade rest assumed upon fixing the rod bayonet and was informed it was done upon information derived from the A. G. O., U. S. A., Washington, D. C. I replied that I recognized Par. 65, Drill Regulations, as authority until such time as the change of position was promulgated through A. G. O., H. Q. N. G. Pa. The setting up exercises and school of the company very good. The men were well posted in sentry duty. Condition of State property excellent. Hutter book and papers well kept. Colonel Leland was present with some of the officers of the regiment. I am of the opinion that this company if retained in the service will develop into one of the best in the Brigade.

April 26th the Gray Invincibles was inspected in their armory, presenting to my view four very large companies, with Major Stevens in command, but as Company A was the only one recognized by the State, I after viewing as stalwart a body of men as one would wish to see, dismissed all but Company A, and proceeded with the inspection. They presented 3 officers and 55 men. The school of the soldier, school of the company fair. They seem to be deteriorating in sentry duty, as they gave a very poor exhibition. The State property is in good condition and well kept.

April 28, Company H, Sixth Regiment, at Media, Pa. The company was slow in forming, owing to the absence of the Captain, who resides in Chester, Pa., and was detained on the road. The company was paraded in State uniform, with rifles. I found the personnel very good, physical development very good.

May 2d. The First Battalion of the Third Regiment, Companies G, C, H, D, paraded in their armory in State uniform, some few of the men in citizen dress without gloves. On the night of May 3d the Second Battalion, Companies E, A, F, B, appeared in State uniform. The men of the regiment made a fine personal appearance, and the physical appearance very good. Colonel Ralston, Lieut. Colonel Price, Majors Cavin and Tilghman were present both nights.

May 6th. I inspected Company D, Sixth Regiment, at Phoenixville, Pa. The personnel is fair, with room for improvement. Physical development very good.

May 12th. Company K, Twentieth Regiment, was inspected in their armory at Norristown, Pa. I was particularly impressed with the personal appearance of this company. The clothing was in good condition, brasses bright and clean, setting up exercises, school of the soldier and company very good, guard duty very good. Discipline excellent. Colonel Leland and Adjutant Stanford were present at the inspection.

May 13th. Company F, Sixth Regiment, was scheduled for May 12th, but was postponed until this date, in order that they might participate in the ceremonies incident to the unveiling of the General John F. Hartranft statue at Harrisburg. They presented a very nice body of men, personnel and physical condition very good.

May 15th. Company C, Twentieth Regiment, paraded in its armory for inspection, presenting a very good appearance. School of the soldier and company drill was fairly well executed. Sentry duty can be improved upon. Company A was inspected immediately after Company C. The general appearance was poor, and the school of the soldier and school of the company was a very poor exhibition, for which in a measure the officer in command was responsible, his inefficiency being very noticeable. I would recommend this Company for muster out.

May 16th. Company B paraded for inspection, with 96.22 per cent. of its strength. I was particularly pleased with the efficiency of this company. Discipline good. The movements in drill were done with snap, and sentry duty seemed to be understood. The officers are young, full of energy and determined to make a good company. A good company to retain in the service.

May 17th. Company E presented 3 officers and 20 men out of an aggregate of 55. The Captain could give no reason for the absence of 32 of his company. After calling the roll I dismissed those present. I would recommend this company for muster out. Company D was formed for inspection immediately after Company E had been dismissed, and their condition was even worse than the preceding company. They presented 1 officer and 18 men, and after mustering those present I dismissed them. I would recommend this company for muster out. May 18th. Company F paraded with 3 officers and 39 men. There seemed to be an utter lack of discipline and a proper conception of how to do. I would put this company in the same category as the two preceding companies. Company H was inspected immediately after Company F. They made a fair showing, lacking in discipline and knowledge of duties. I am of opinion that this company would not be of much value to the Guard. May 19th. Company I was paraded for inspection, with a fair percentage of strength present. School of the soldier fair, school of the company fair, guard duty very poor, and discipline fair. The State property in excellent condition and easy to get at. Company G was scheduled for this date, having been postponed on the 16th, but did not materialize. I directed Sergeant Bishop to make a memorandum of the State property found in the company room, which is sent forward with the inspection rolls of the regiment. I recommend the muster out of this company. I desire to direct attention to the condition of the rifles of some of the companies; they have been brightened up to the brilliancy of polished silver, removing all the blueing and thereby destroying their availability for rifle practice.

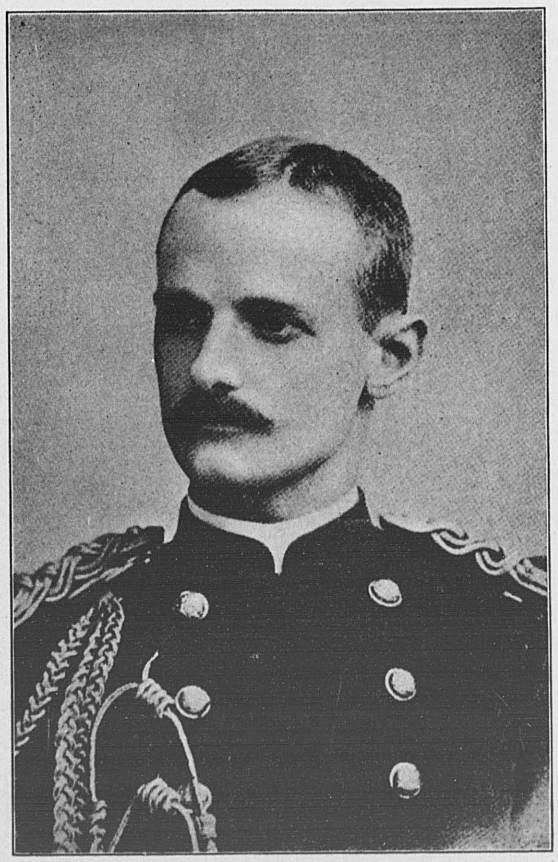
The inspection of the several companies of the Nineteenth Regiment was commenced May 22d. The regiment occupies as an armory the old

COLONEL FRANK G. SWEENEY

Inspector General

MAJOR CHARLES H. WORMAN

1st Brigade



MAJOR JOHN P. PENNEY

2d Brigade

MAJOR W. S. MILLAR

3d Brigade

car barn at Twentieth and Montgomery avenue, which they have transformed into a very sightly place, suitable for regimental purposes other than regimental or battalion drills. The shape of the building and floor thereof is not adequate for manoeuvering the battalion except in some few simple movements, such as column of fours, companies, etc., but will not admit of formation of front into line, etc. It is nevertheless a very nice armory and suitable for company instruction and with a properly instructed company the rest becomes a very easy matter. Company M was the first company paraded for inspection. The formation of the company was fair. School of the soldier fair. School of the company lacked snap and some of the movements improperly executed, for instance, on a turn the guide stood fast instead of taking the short step in the new direction. Discipline fair, guard duty fairly well understood. Company L was formed immediately after I had finished with Company M, presenting a very good appearance. After muster I found them to be below the minimum and so notified the Captain, who told me that the missing number of men had gone back and rejoined the First Regiment without having been regularly transferred. He added 14 names to the roll, without any data, such as descriptive list, etc., which I declined to accept. I permitted the company to be exercised in the school of the soldier, company and guard duty, in all of which they made a very good showing. In my opinion a matter so important as this should have been adjusted before the company appeared on inspection, and as they are below the minimum as required by law, renders them liable to the penalty of muster out, which I recommend. I find that Private John A. Boehringer answered to his name at the inspection of Company D, First Regiment, as well as at the inspection of this company. This dual representation is too prevalent and those guilty of it should be punished somehow. Company A was inspected on the evening of May 23d. The company paraded in good strength. The school of the soldier about the average, school of the company fairly well done and in guard duty the men seemed to have a comprehensive grasp of its use and necessities. Company B was formed for inspection immediately after Company A, in fair strength. School of the soldier poorly done, school of the company fair, and very little instruction had been imparted to the men in sentry duty.

May 24th. Company C paraded for inspection, with 100 per cent. present. The school of the soldier very good. The company drill and guard duty above the average. The men are young and enthusiastic and presented a fine personal appearance. An excellent company, good, efficient officers, and the best with a few exceptions that I have seen. The Hutter book and records of this company in excellent condition, apparently complete from the inception down to date. Company F followed Company C, men are generally young and interested but need instruction and drill. The school of the soldier poor, school of the company poor, guard duty very poor, but little instruction given the men. A badly officered campany. Company G presented 3 officers and 46 men for inspection on the night of May 25th. School of the soldier fair, school of the company fair, guard duty very poor. Company D was inspected immediately after Company G. The general appearance very good, school of the soldier fair, school of the company fair, guard duty not understood by the men. I had expected a better showing by this company and was very much disappointed.

May 26th. Company E slow in formation and late for inspection, school of the soldier poorly done, showing want of a proper and thorough instruction. School of the company fair, guard duty fairly understood; more attention should be given to details in drill, etc. Company K followed Company E, also slow in formation. The general appearance and military bearing was marred by the caps to a large number being minus the ornament and men without gloves, which is an exhibition of poor discipline. School of the soldier poorly executed, school of the company fair, guard duty very poor; the men through lack of instruction do not understand the object of sentry duty.

May 29th. Company H paraded for inspection, appearance and military bearing very good, school of the soldier poor, school of the company fair, guard duty, posting and relieving of sentries improperly done, men not properly instructed in saluting and challenging. Company I was inspected immediately after Company H, with 3 officers and 33 men, 10 of whom were in citizen clothes. After calling the roll I refused to proceed with the inspection, having but 23 men in uniform. I find that Lieutenant M. W. Sloan, of this company, answered to his name as private of Company D, First Regiment. The practice of dual representation by the enlisted men is deserving of the deepest censure, but when an officer forgets his oath of office and performs the same feat no punishment is too severe, nor excuse to palliate his offense. I recommend this company for muster out. I desire to call attention to the condition of the rifles of some of the companies. In the zeal of the men to present clean pieces they committed the error of polishing the breech block and in some instances the rear sight and barrel as well, which in my opinion renders the pieces totally unfit for target practice. Also the cut of some of the caps being in many instances higher in front than rear and vice versa.

The Second Troop, P. C. C., at their selection, paraded for inspection mounted, on the afternoon of June 3d, at Fort Side Inn, Pa., on the line of the Cresheim Branch and Trenton Cut-off, P. R. R., with 91.22 per cent. present. The discipline is excellent. The dismounted exercises in school of the soldier were very good. Front take distance particularly fine, the alignments of Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 being excellent in the march to the front. The movement was marred by the men covering in file after getting their intervals. The sabre exercise very good. School of the company very good. The mounted drill was very well done considering that the horses were entirely new to the business. The sentry duty thoroughly understood and the best I have seen. This is an excellent troop. The officers are well posted and non-commissioned officers above the average.

In conclusion, I desire to call attention to one of many things that caught my mind, and that is the failure upon the part of a great many officers to read the orders relating to their duties intelligently and understandingly. For instance, Par. III, G. O. No. 8, c. s., sets forth that certain things are required of them to do, and generally speaking, I failed to find that order understood or complied with. The Captain of Company F, Nineteenth Regiment, informed me that he did not comply with the order because he was told it was not necessary, and others said the order did not require them to account for every man, all of which proves inattention upon their part. Then, again, I failed to find the clothing and equipments marked as required, particularly the overcoats, and permit me to say that this omission upon the part of the company commandants, permitted the loaning of State property to one another to help out at inspection, which I am informed was done in one of the regiments. I do not want to be considered as captious, nor hypercritical, but I like to see things done in order as ordered, and in strict and exact obedience.

Brigadier General Schall was a frequent visitor at the several armories during my tour. Colonel Bosbyshell, Lieut. Colonel Powers and Majors Garvin and Chew, of the Nineteenth, were present every night during the inspection of their command.

I take this occasion to convey my thanks to the officers of the several organizations for the many kindnesses and courtesies extended to me during the inspections.

I am sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
CHARLES H. WORMAN,
Major and Inspector.

To the Inspector General, National Guard of Pennsylvania:

Sir:—I have the honor to report that in compliance with G. O. Nos. 8 and 10, c. s., Headquarters National Guard of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, Pa., March 9, 1899, I inspected the companies of the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-first Regiments of Infantry, the Sheridan Troop, Battery B and Brigade Band, at their armories on the dates named in G. O. No. 1, c. s., Headquarters Second Brigade, N. G. P., Franklin, Pa., March 17, 1899.

At the time of these inspections, the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Regiments had not been mustered into the State service, and no dates had been set for their inspection. I will make a supplementary report upon the completion of their inspections.

The inspections of the troops that had been in the United States service and had been mustered back into the State service were conducted according to the instructions of G. O. Nos. 8 and 10, A. G. O., the troops parading in citizens clothes and white gloves. The first of these companies to be inspected were very light in numbers, owing I have no doubt to the fact that having had so much service recently and having no equipment it was difficult to arouse interest.

These companies all looked well. The absence of uniforms detracted somewhat from the military appearance, making it rather hard to judge as to military qualifications of the men, but they were all steady, erect and clean; with few exceptions they were well formed and of the same class

that these companies had prior to entering the volunteer service, with the following exceptions: Company K, Sixteenth Regiment, at Titusville, seemed to lack interest, were not at the armory at the time set for the inspection and had to be gathered up over half an hour after the time. They have nine of the old members on the roll. Company E, Sixteenth Regiment, at Cooperstown, had some men in line who were under the influence of liquor. Company H, Fifth Regiment, at Johnstown, I do not believe will be a success, as the present company in my opinion is not the equal of the old one, and the sentiment of the town, as expressed by the difficulty in maintaining a good company in the past, the result of the attempt to organize a new company during the war last summer, and other incidents that have come under my observation in several ways, convince me that better results would be gained by the transfer of this company to Altoona. Hollidaysburg is at this time supporting two first class companies, fifty per cent. of one of them being from Altoona, and an application for another company at Altoona, I understand, has just been made.

The Sheridan Troop, at Tyrone, looked very well and is in every way the same splendid organization it has always been.

Battery B, at Pittsburgh, having received their equipment, were given a regular inspection; their ratings accompany this report, and considering all the battery has passed through so recently, they made a splendid appearance. The Brigade Band is also in first class condition and looked well.

The Inspections of the Seventeenth and Twenty-first Regiments, while I could not give them very high marks, the fact that they were on their first inspection, and were being judged by the high standard set by the old guard, impressed me very much with the wonderful progress they have made in the ten months since their organization, notwithstanding the numerous rumors regarding their immediate muster out, owing to the emergency for which they were organized having passed. Of the twenty-four companies in these two regiments, but four were found to be in poor condition. Company A, Seventeenth Regiment, at New Brighton, having been so unfortunate as to have been burned out, losing all their equipment and their armory, the officers losing their entire personal equipment. Company H, Seventeenth Regiment, at Oakdale, was sadly lacking in drill and knowledge of duties. Company G, Seventeenth Regiment, at Allegheny, have their quarters in a hall that they rent by the night, with no place to keep their property except the boxes they received them in. This company is also poorly drilled and the outlook for its future is not bright. I recommend that it be mustered out of the service. Company M, Twenty-first Regiment, at Bellefonte, is below the minimum in numbers, and while composed of a first class quality of men and officers, seems to be lacking in the interest that is so necessary to make a good company.

It has given me great pleasure to learn from the officers of this brigade, who were in the volunteer service during the past year, that our troops had taken the superior position in the volunteer army that I felt sure they would take. The high compliment paid them by distinguished officers of the army, the fact that they were in several instances pointed to as models for other volunteer organizations to follow, as well as the fact that since the last inspection, two regiments of infantry, one battery and troop of this Brigade performed distinguished service for the United States on both sides of the world, and it was with great sadness that I noted the absence in so many companies of those who had been present at inspections in the past years, who had given their lives in answer to their country's call. I would again respectfully recommend that the equipment issued to the companies in the future be marked with the company letter and regimental number, at the arsenal, before it is issued. This will insure all property against loss by stealing. The Inspector will know just where to look for the marks, and if they have been changed it will be noticeable at once. I do not approve of marking the canteens on the strap, as the strap can easily be cut off and shortened. Also in marking the great coats in the sleeve, these linings are frequently changed. Numbers are the only marks that have to be changed and a regulation cancellation mark, that will still show the number cancelled, should be ordered. I am also of the opinion that shortages in equipment, reported by the Inspectors, should be filled at once from the arsenal, and charged to the company, without waiting for requisitions. This will make Captains more careful of their property, as some of them care very little about their marks, but do not want their appropriation reduced. I also again recommend that separate books be issued in the place of the Hutter book; they are much more simple and handy, more economical and as good a record.

The new system of marking, which you adopted this year, is certainly a great improvement. Also the inspection roll, sworn to in the presence of the company is the only safeguard against substitutes on inspection. I regret very much that you were unable to be present at the inspections in this Brigade, feeling sure your visit would have been satisfactory to you as well as to the Second Brigade.

In closing this report, I wish to express my sincere thanks to the field staff and line officers of the Second Brigade for the many kindnesses and courtesies received from them during this tour of duty.

Respectfully,
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Major and Inspector Second Brigade.

Colonel Frank G. Sweeney, Inspector General National Guard of Pennsylvania:

Sir:—I have the honor to report that in compliance with General Orders No. 8, c. s., Headquarters National Guard of Pennsylvania, Adjutant General's office, I inspected the several organizations comprising the Third Brigade. There were two twelve company regiments of the so-called new Guard, to wit: The Seventh Regiment, commanded by Colonel Asher Miner, with headquarters at Wilkes-Barre, and the Eleventh Regiment, commanded by Colonel L. A. Watres, with headquarters at Scranton. These two regiments were armed with the new 45 Cal. Springfield rifle, with rod bayonet, and handsomely uniformed and equipped with haversack, canteen, tin cup, woolen and rubber blanket, and great coat. The uniform, great coat and haversack were all made at the State arsenal. I found these articles of a superior make and quality, reflecting great credit on the Adjutant General's department. I visited the arsenal during my tour and was conducted through the various work rooms by that efficient and courteous officer, Major W. F. Richardson, arsenal keeper. Major Richardson superintends the work done at the arsenal under the direction of the Adjutant General. During my visit at the arsenal I had an excellent opportunity to inspect the work done by the persons employed there. I was asked to criticise or make any suggestions that I thought would improve the make, or fit, of the uniforms. The only criticism I offered was too free play of the small button on the sleeve of the blouse, which defect was remedied at once. I take great pleasure in commending the State arsenal as a department well and ably conducted and a source of great saving to the State in the manufacture of uniforms and equipment. I found the Seventh and Eleventh Regiments composed of young men superior in personnel and discipline to the old Guard, and for the brief period they have been organized evidenced wonderful proficiency in drill and manual of arms. I enclose ratings for these two regiments. I have tried to be very careful in my findings, treating each company with fairness and justice, strictly avoiding any partiality. As these companies have been, or are about to be transferred to other regiments or mustered out of the service, I will not comment on the weakness or strength of any one particular company. Nearly every company was weak in "guard duty." Some companies very weak. I suggest that more attention in the future be given by the Captains to "guard duty," and duties of sentinels on post, and the salute of the individual soldier without arms when not on "guard duty." The men are generally careless in saluting. I blame the officers for this. They do not properly impress the soldier with the importance of saluting. I found several tumblers broken in the triggers, so that the piece could not be adjusted to the safety notch. This is caused, I believe, by the steel being too highly tempered, together with the carelessness of the men in planting their pieces with a heavy shock at "order arms." Captains do not seem to attempt to check the evil of banging the butt of the piece on the floor or pavement at "order arms." Books and papers were in most instances neat and accurate. The State property I found in excellent condition and well cared for. The school of the soldier and school of the company gave evidence of faithful training. "Setting up" exercises were performed with an intelligent idea of the intention of the exercise, namely to develop and limber up the soldier. I was sorry to have been compelled to recommend the disbandment of Companies A and L, of the Seventh Regiment, and Company I, of the Eleventh Regiment, for reasons set forth in my special report.

The "Old Guard." There was very little for the Inspector to do in connection with the reinstatement of the old Guard, aside from looking them over, weeding out here and there a man whose personal appearance was not up to the standard, and calling the roll. The following is the result of the muster in of the old Guard in the Third Brigade: Fourth Regiment, Colonel D. B. Case commanding, all eight companies reinstated. Eighth Regiment, Lieut. Colonel T. F. Hoffman commanding, nine companies were reinstated, Company I, of Wrightsville, failing to muster.

Ninth Regiment, Colonel C. Bow Dougherty commanding, all eight companies were reinstated. Twelfth Regiment, Colonel James B. Coryell commanding, the entire regiment of eight companies were reinstated. Thirteenth Regiment, Colonel H. A. Coursen commanding, Company E, of Honesdale, and Company F, of Scranton, failed to muster.

I most respectfully recommend that in the future the Inspector make note of the weak points and errors that occur at spring inspections and the Captains' attention be called to the particular error, or errors, that took place in their company, so that they could rectify said error, or errors, and not repeat them at the fall inspection. I have noticed year after year the same error—the Captain believing he was right all the time because no one corrected him. As Inspector I have always had a delicacy about correcting errors, believing it my duty not to instruct, but to rate a company as I find it. In conclusion, sir, I desire to thank you, and through you, all officers I came in contact with for uniform courtesy and kindness shown me during my tour.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. S. MILLAR,
Major and Inspector Third Brigade, N. G. P.

Continued on page 10

OUR STATE ARMY AND NAVY
A JOURNAL FOR OUR VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

Entered according to act of Congress in the year 1897, by CHARLES J. HENDLER, in the office of the Librarian of Congress at Washington, D. C.
Entered in the Philadelphia Post Office as second-class matter

PUBLISHED MONTHLY BY
CHARLES J. HENDLER
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Office 1121, Betz Building

VOL. II. SEPTEMBER, 1899 No. 8

Subscription Rates

$1.50 per annum, payable in advance. Subscriptions may be sent by Express, Draft, Money-Order or Registered Letter. Do not send checks on local banks; send draft on New York or Philadelphia. Make all remittances free of Exchange, and payable to CHARLES J. HENDLER. Postage Stamps are not desirable, but if necessary to remit them, one-cent stamps are preferred. Currency forwarded in unregistered letters will be at sender's risk.

Advertising Rates

Furnished on application. The value of this Journal can be seen at a glance. If you have anything that Soldiers should be interested in, this is the proper place to display it.

THE greatest National Encampment of the G. A. R. was the 33d held in Philadelphia from September 4th to 9th inclusive. The enthusiasm and hospitality of the Quaker City far exceeded that of any other city where its encampments have been held, with the exception of that in the city of Boston in 1890, which might be classed a good second.

The decorations and illuminations in the Quaker City with the great encampment in Fairmount Park and the grand structural "Avenue of Fame" was so far superior in arrangement that it is scarcely likely that its equal will be seen in the limited number of encampments to follow.

The police arrangements as usual, were excellent, and little improvement could be made, excepting perhaps, in a more systematic method of allowing pedestrians and vehicles to cross the line of march at proper intervals, thereby allowing the regular traffic to go on uninterrupted. The Committee who had the matter in charge are gentlemen of great experience in this particular line, having been selected owing to their connection with other public demonstrations of a similar character.

The Veterans from all parts of the United States will ever remember the many courtesies received in the Metropolis of Pennsylvania.

THE new order termed "The Service Men of the Spanish War" seems to be making great progress. In Pennsylvania they have five camps, namely, Camp Downey, No. 7, at Franklin, Pa.; Camp Maguire, No. 6, at Philadelphia; Camp Hunt, No. 8, at Pittsburgh; Camp Norris, No. 9, at Harrisburg, and Camp Dinsmore, No. 10, at Warren.

They are all in a flourishing condition. Especially Camp Hunt, which has 150 members made up of Volunteers of the late 14th and 18th P. V. I. and Battery B.

The order which was first conceived by Captain Wilson I. Devanny, Commissary on the Staff of Brigadier General John A. Wiley, was organized at Camp Hamilton, Lexington, Ky., on November 5, 1898. The organization was incorporated under the laws of Kentucky, and a constitution was subsequently formulated and adopted.

The plans and purposes of the "Service Men" probably cannot be more clearly presented than in the language of Captain Davenny to his fellow-officers at the time the society was organized. Which follows:

"Nothing can make more certain the perpetuity of our free institutions than the complete and perfect cohesion of our own people, and out of the crucible of armed conflict and the comradery that is born around the campfire may come the very element most essential to the best development of our incomparable country.

"The Grand Army of the Republic for more than a generation has kept alive the love of the flag, and the music of the Union has been playing ever since the men were marching in 1865. The Confederate veterans, too, have kept the campfires burning and in memory have lived again the hardships of their campaigns; but the latitude of birth is now forgotten, and the soldiers of the North and of the South, as fellow-comrades of camp and field, are joined in a common song of triumph over tyranny.

"It is therefore fitting and proper that the feeling of fraternity, so happily born should be given substantial expression and moulded into permanent form; and it is to this end that the society to be known as the 'Service Men of the Spanish War' is organized. Its purposes are purely social and patriotic—to cement the friendships formed in the war with Spain and to foster fealty to our free institutions—to weld into a new brotherhood the young men as well as the older ones who stood together for human liberty under the Stars and Stripes in the dawn of a new Century."

IT hardly seems likely that all of our Regiments will (at least for some time to come) have the three Battalion formation. This is probably due to the limited appropriation made for the Military establishment, and the reorganization may eventually lead to a three Brigade organization, four Regiments each, with the three Battalion formation for the twelve Regiments.

This, with a Squadron of Cavalry, and a Battalion of Artillery, Engineer, Signal, and Hospital Corps, would give a very complete organization of sufficient strength to cope with any emergency arising within the borders of our Commonwealth, or to furnish a State Quota for a National call.

Personal Mention

Captain Thomas B. Thomas, Company "D," First Infantry, has tendered his resignation after having served in the Regiment for many years, going through the several non-commissioned grades and finally Second and First Lieutenants and Captain. Captain Thomas met with a very serious accident several months ago which in a measure incapacitated him for active duty. Lieut. John Osborn is at present in command of the Company.

A long and continuous record is that of the new Colonel, Wm. E. Thompson, commanding the Fourteenth Infantry. Col. Thompson's first experience was as Sergeant of the "Walton Blues," a social name adopted by Company "E" of the old Nineteenth Regiment Infantry. This was in September, 1869. The Company was finally disbanded in 1872. He then enlisted as a Private in Company "I" of his present Regiment, and after serving many years in its ranks he was elected First Lieutenant on May 7, 1883. Captain October 3, 1884, re-elected October 15, 1889. He afterward resigned owing to business pressure, and re-entered the service as Captain Company "G," June 9, 1890, and on September 6, 1894, was elected Major. On September 6, 1899, he was elected Colonel. The Regiment is now in a new era.

Captain John F. Ancona, of Hamburg, was one of the Pall Bearers of the late Congressman Ermentrout.

Lieut. E. Claude Goddard, late Inspector of Rifle Practice, late Twentieth Infantry, has enlisted in the First Regiment. He is one of the best shots in the State and is particularly interested in the coming Brigade Matches.

In all probability Captain Archibald, late Company "M," Eleventh Infantry (detached), will be elected Captain Company "F," Fourth Infantry, stationed at Pottsville. It is expected that most of the enlisted men of Company "M" will enter into Company "F," practically merging the Eleventh Regiment Company into the Fourth.

COLONEL WILLIAM A. KREPS

Captain Thomas H. P. Todd, First Infantry, Mustering Officer, is again busy with the gathering in of State property prior to the disbandment of several Infantry organizations.

The retirement of Lieutenant-Colonel James A. G. Campbell, Division Inspector is to be regretted, as the Service loses a highly efficient and conscientious officer, Col. Campbell having served the state faithfully for many years.

Companies B, C, and M, late Seventeenth Infantry, were located in Uniontown, Washington, and Connellsville, where the Tenth Regiment Companies are rapidly recruiting for mustering into the State Service.

The Veteran Corps of the First Infantry will parade on October 2d as an escort to the ancient and honorable Artillery Corps of Boston, Mass.

The Second Troop, P. C. C., will also parade on this occasion, and will make their first appearance in their Austrian Hussar uniform, which is one of the most elaborate of the kind in the United States.

The Thirteenth Infantry loses one of its efficient officers in the retirement of L. T. Mattes, late Captain and Adjutant. Captain Mattes was one of the organizers of the Regiment. He is the brother of the late Colonel Chas. C. Mattes, who was the only 21 year sharp-shooter in the State.

We are glad to see the active interest taken by Captain Wm. S. Nevins in the Veteran Corps of the first. The Captain was formerly First Sergeant, Company C, and served with the Regiment throughout the Pittsburg Riots, and also at Hazleton. Captain Nevins still holds an active Commission in the Guard as First Lieutenant.

Dr. Walter L. Deemer, formerly acting Surgeon and Major of the Twentieth Regiment, has been recommended for appointment as Assistant Surgeon in Colonel Ralston's "Third." Dr. Deemer is not only a most efficient Medical Officer, but thoroughly interested in everything pertaining to the N. G. P.

Company G, of the Eighth Regiment, is thoroughly re-organized and has elected a new set of officers. For captain they have selected Bert A. Clepper; for First Lieutenant, Mode Vale; and for Second Lieutenant, Grant Humar.

Captain Benjamin Brown Osborn, commanding Company H, Third Infantry, has been ill, but expects to go with his command to New York, to participate in the Dewey celebration.

COLONEL WILLIAM A. KREPS

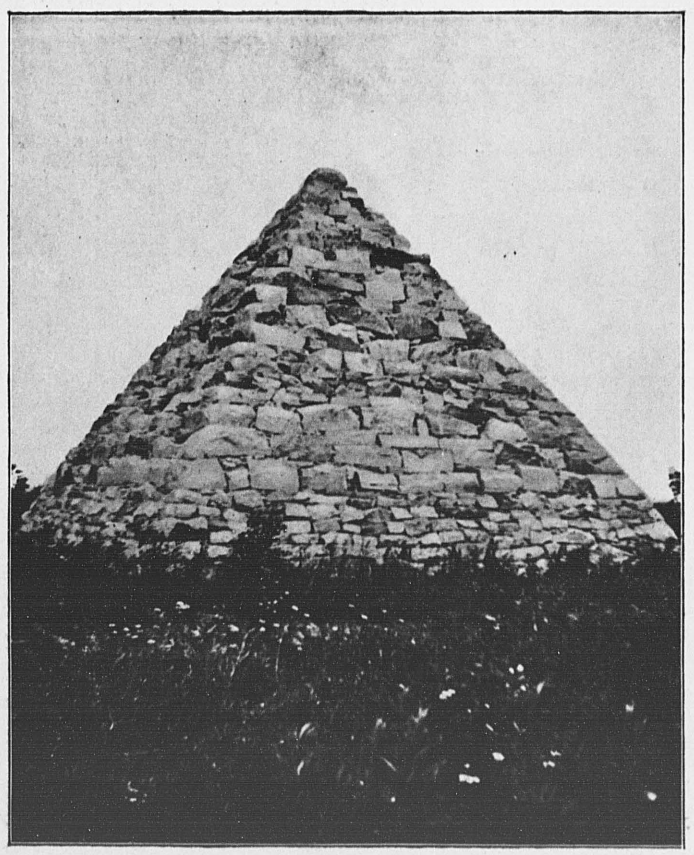
One of the youngest of the few remaining Colonels of the Civil war is Colonel William A. Kreps of the 15th Infantry. When quite a youth he enlisted as a private in Troop G, 15th P. V. C., on September 14th, 1864, and was mustered out with his regiment June 21st, 1865. His State Service commenced as Captain, Company K, May 29th, 1875. He was re-elected May 29th, 1880. On January 22d, 1883, he was elected Major. On August 7th, 1884, he was elected Colonel, and re-elected August 27th, 1889, and November 2d, 1899. All of these elections were unanimous, and during the fifteen years of his administration as Regimental Commander he has served the interests of the Regiment faithfully and we earnestly hope that the line will re-elect him this November.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL RUFUS C. ELDER

(SEE FRONTISPIECE)

Lieutenant-Colonel Elder, of the Fifth Infantry, is one of the stalwart officers of the State. He enlisted as a private in Company G, July 17th, 1877, and his service of over 22 years has been continuous, which is a record to be proud of. He served as First Lieutenant, Captain and Major, and on April 15th, 1892, was unanimously chosen Lieutenant-Colonel, and was re-elected on the 20th of July last.

Lieutenant-Colonel Elder is much esteemed by the command and during the Spanish-American War he won the hearts of the enlisted men by continually looking after their interests. He is a member of the Pennsylvania Bar and is regarded as one of the prominent public men of Mifflin County.



This picture was taken, June 16, 1899, by Master J. Roman West, son of Captain James Dixon West, Company H, old Pennsylvania Bucktail Regiment. It represents a pyramid 24 feet square at base and 24 feet high. Erected on battlefield at Fredericksburg, Va , by the Confederates, to mark the spot where General Longstreet's Corps repulsed the famous Pennsylvania Reserve Volunteer Corps, on December 13, 1862. On the exact spot where this pyramid stands was killed, December 13, 1862, Harlan Carter, Andrew Cooper, John T. Rigdon, and Alexander A. McClurg, all of Company H, old Bucktail Regiment.

Presented by CAPTAIN JAMES DIXON WEST

INSPECTORS' REPORT—Continued.

ORGANIZATION.	Present. Officers	Present. Men	Present. Total	Absent. Officers	Absent. Men	Absent. Total	Aggregate. Officers	Aggregate. Men	Aggregate. Total	Percentage of Attendance.
First Troop	5	51	56	...	4	4	5	55	60	100
Battery A	3	61	64	...	9	9	3	70	73	87.67
State Fencibles	11	185	196	1	32	33	12	217	229	85 67
First Infantry	23	463	486	1	97	98	24	560	584	86.17
Second Infantry	29	401	430	1	134	135	30	535	565	76.09
Third Infantry	21	343	364	1	101	102	22	444	466	78.81
Sixth Infantry	22	325	347	...	114	114	22	439	461	75.57
Sheridan Troop	4	53	57	...	8	8	4	61	65	100
Battery B	5	67	72	...	4	4	5	71	76	100
Fifth Infantry	23	366	389	...	96	96	23	462	485	82.78
Sixteenth Infantry	18	361	379	1	88	89	19	449	468	81.45
Eighteenth Infantry	15	296	311	5	146	151	20	442	462	67.28
Governor's Troop	5	58	63	...	...	...	5	58	63	100
Battery C	5	61	66	...	7	7	5	68	73	90.41
Fourth Infantry	21	381	402	1	72	73	22	453	475	87.90
Eighth Infantry	18	433	451	2	49	51	20	482	502	93.49
Ninth Infantry	20	373	393	2	48	50	22	421	443	91.93
Twelfth Infantry	19	401	420	2	58	60	21	459	480	90.79
Thirteenth Infantry	13	296	309	1	18	19	14	314	328	93.52

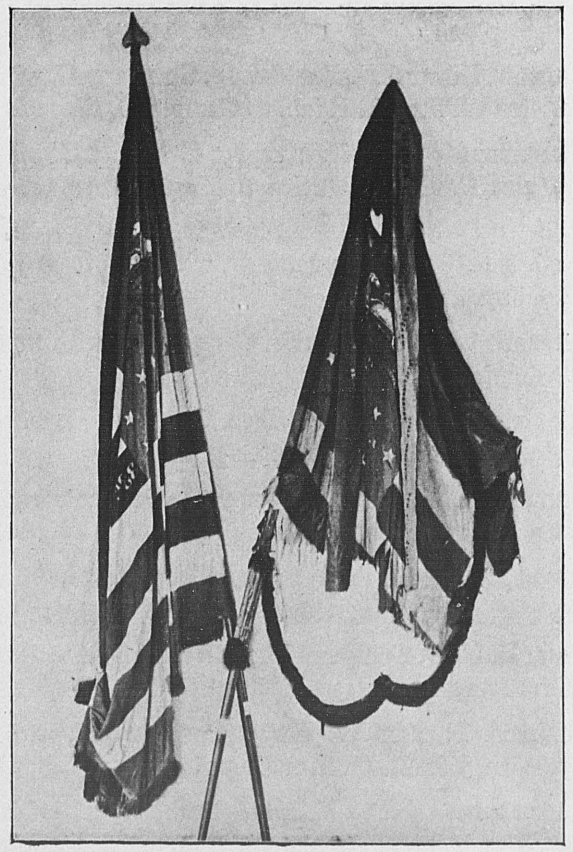
The ratings for the new Guard are thus made up:

	Attendance at Inspection. Present. Officers	Present. Enlisted Men	Present. Total	Absent. Officers	Absent. Enlisted Men	Absent. Total	Aggregate Officers	Aggregate Enlisted Men	Aggregate Total	Ratings. Percentage of Attendance	Knowledge of duties. School of soldier	School of company	Guard duty	Discipline	Condition of arms	Condition of equipments	Condition of clothing	Books and papers	General average
2d Troop, P.C.C.	5	47	52	...	5	5	5	52	57	91.22	85	85	90	95	90	90	...	90	89.28
Battery "D"	5	60	65	..	3	3	3	65	68	95.58	80	85	80	85	...	85	85	85	83.57
Gray Invincibles	3	55	58	...	5	5	3	60	63	100	80	85	80	80	80	90	90	85	83 75
Nineteenth Infantry:																			
Co. A	3	47	50	...	5	5	3	52	55	90 90	80	85	80	85	90	95	95	95	88 12
Co. B	3	38	41	...	13	13	3	51	54	75.92	75	80	75	80	90	95	95	85	84.37
Co. C	3	53	56	...	...	...	3	53	56	100	85	90	90	90	95	95	95	100	92.50
Co. D	3	43	46	...	10	10	3	53	56	82.14	80	85	75	85	85	90	90	90	85.00
Co. E	3	44	47	...	7	7	3	51	54	87.03	80	80	80	80	95	90	90	85	85.00
Co. F	3	44	47	...	13	13	3	57	60	78.33	75	75	75	75	90	90	90	75	80.62
Co. G	3	46	49	...	9	9	3	55	58	84.48	80	80	75	85	90	90	95	85	85.00
Co. H	3	43	46	...	10	10	3	53	56	82 14	75	80	75	80	90	90	90	85	83.12
Co. I	3	33	36	...	22	22	3	55	58	62.06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Co. K	3	44	47	...	6	6	3	50	53	88.67	80	85	75	75	85	90	90	80	82.50
Co. L	2	39	41	...	4	4	2	43	45	91.11	80	85	80	85	90	95	95	85	86.87
Co. M	3	43	46	...	9	9	3	52	55	83.63	80	80	80	85	90	95	95	85	86.25
Twentieth Infantry;																			
Co. A	1	44	45	...	13	13	1	57	58	77.58	75	75	75	75	80	90	90	75	79.37
Co. B	3	48	51	...	2	2	3	50	53	96 22	85	85	80	90	90	95	95	95	89.37
Co. C	3	44	47	...	7	7	3	51	54	87.03	85	90	85	85	90	95	95	90	89.37
Co. D	1	18	19	...	44	44	1	62	63	30 16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Co. E	3	20	23	...	32	32	3	52	55	41.81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Co. F	3	39	42	...	11	11	3	50	53	79.24	75	75	75	75	90	90	90	...	81.42
Co. H	2	34	36	...	16	16	2	50	52	69.23	75	80	75	75	90	90	90	80	81.87
Co. I	3	38	41	...	12	12	3	50	53	77.35	75	85	75	85	85	90	90	95	85.00
Co. K	3	48	51	...	5	5	3	53	56	91.07	85	85	90	85	90	95	95	85	88.75
Co. L	3	51	54	...	..	..	3	51	54	100	90	90	90	95	95	95	95	90	92.50
Co. M	2	41	43	1	9	10	3	50	53	81 13	75	75	80	75	85	90	90	75	80.62

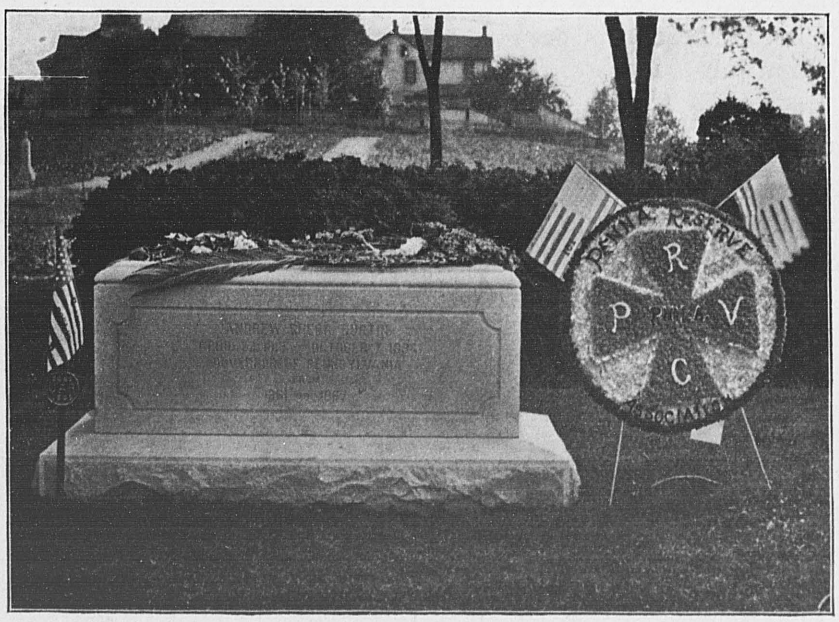
	Attendance at Inspection. Present. Officers	Present. Enlisted Men	Present. Total	Absent. Officers	Absent. Enlisted Men	Absent. Total	Aggregate Officers	Aggregate Enlisted Men	Aggregate Total	Ratings. Percentage of Attendance	Knowledge of duties. School of soldier	School of company	Guard Duty	Discipline	Condition of arms	Condition of equipments	Condition of clothing	Books and papers	General average
Seventeenth Infantry:																			
Co. A	3	39	42	...	13	13	3	52	55	76.36	80	80	60	95	95	100	100	70	85.00
Co. B	3	44	47	...	8	8	3	52	55	85.45	85	85	85	95	95	95	100	100	92.50
Co. C	3	45	48	..	12	12	3	57	60	80.00	80	80	90	90	80	90	95	95	87 50
Co. D	3	48	51	...	5	5	3	53	56	91.67	90	90	50	100	95	100	90	95	88.75
Co. E	3	48	51	...	5	5	3	53	56	91.07	90	90	50	100	95	100	90	70	85.62
Co. F	2	49	51	...	6	6	3	55	58	87.93	70	70	50	50	70	90	70	50	65.00
Co. G	3	41	44	...	14	14	3	55	58	75.86	50	50	...	70	70	50	70	100	57.50
Co. H	3	31	34	...	27	27	3	58	61	55.73	50	50	10	70	90	80	90	70	63.75
Co. I	3	54	57	...	5	5	3	59	62	100	90	90	50	80	95	95	90	60	81.25
Co. K	3	48	51	...	7	7	3	55	58	87.93	85	90	50	100	90	70	100	50	79.37
Co. L	2	49	51	1	5	6	3	54	57	89.47	95	95	50	100	100	100	95	100	91.87
Co. M	3	43	46	...	12	12	3	55	58	79.31	80	80	80	90	90	90	100	90	87.50
Twenty-first Infantry:																			
Co. A	3	52	55	...	1	1	3	53	56	100	95	80	70	100	70	95	95	95	87.50
Co. B	3	54	57	...	5	5	3	59	62	100	80	90	90	100	70	90	100	90	88.75
Co. C	3	42	45	...	13	13	3	55	58	77.58	90	80	80	100	95	70	100	50	83.12
Co. D	3	54	57	...	3	3	3	57	60	100	90	80	50	90	70	100	100	...	72.50
Co. E	3	53	56	...	4	4	3	57	60	100	98	95	98	100	98	95	95	100	97.37
Co. F	3	52	55	...	3	3	3	55	58	100	70	80	50	100	90	100	100	90	85
Co. G	3	39	42	...	12	12	3	51	54	77.77	90	90	80	100	70	50	70	50	75
Co. H	3	53	56	...	7	7	3	60	63	100	80	50	50	90	100	70	100	100	80
Co. I	3	43	46	...	7	7	3	50	53	86.79	80	80	80	100	90	90	90	95	88.12
Co. K	2	49	51	1	6	7	3	55	58	87.93	90	80	95	100	95	100	100	95	94.37
Co. L	3	47	50	...	4	4	3	51	54	92.59	80	80	50	80	90	100	100	95	84.37
Co. M	3	42	45	...	6	6	3	48	51	88.23	70	70	60	90	95	90	100	90	83.12
Seventh Infantry:																			
Co. A	3	20	23	...	27	27	3	47	50	46	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	.....
Co. B	3	53	55	...	...	...	3	53	56	100	85	85	85	100	100	100	90	100	93.13
Co. C	3	47	50	...	5	5	3	52	55	90 90	90	90	85	100	95	100	90	100	93.75
Co. D	3	46	49	...	6	6	3	52	55	89 09	85	80	70	100	90	100	99	100	89.38
Co. E	3	43	46	...	8	8	3	51	54	85.18	80	75	70	90	95	100	100	100	88.75
Co. F	3	48	51	..	5	5	3	53	56	91.07	90	90	85	100	100	100	100	100	95.63
Co. G	3	39	42	...	16	16	3	55	58	72.41	70	80	60	90	80	90	90	70	78.75
Co. H	3	50	53	...	3	3	3	53	56	100	80	80	75	100	95	90	75	100	86.88
Co. I	3	50	53	...	...	...	3	50	53	100	85	80	75	100	98	100	98	100	92
Co. K	3	31	34	...	13	13	3	44	47	72.34	60	50	75	100	90	95	95	100	83.13
Co. L	3	32	35	...	18	18	3	50	53	66.04	50	50	40	50	80	70	70	40	56.25
Co. M	3	50	53	...	2	2	3	52	55	100	90	90	80	100	90	100	85	100	91.87
Eleventh Infantry																			
Co A	2	52	54	1	5	6	3	57	60	100	75	90	50	100	85	100	90	80	83.75
Co. B	3	47	50	...	7	7	3	54	57	87.71	85	80	65	100	90	100	100	70	86.25
Co. C	3	46	49	...	...	...	3	46	49	100	80	80	90	100	100	100	98	100	93.20
Co. D	3	52	55	...	1	1	3	53	56	100	98	98	90	100	98	100	100	95	97.38
Co. E	3	59	62	...	...	...	3	59	62	100	100	100	85	100	100	100	100	100	98.12
Co. F	3	50	53	...	3	3	3	53	56	100	90	90	70	100	95	100	95	80	90
Co. G	3	45	48	...	5	5	3	50	53	90.56	90	75	60	100	90	100	95	100	88.75
Co. H	3	55	58	...	...	...	3	55	58	100	70	70	85	90	100	100	90	100	88.13
Co. I	2	32	34	...	16	16	2	48	50	68	50	40	30	40	100	50	80	10	50
Co. K	3	44	47	...	4	4	3	48	51	92.16	90	90	60	100	90	100	95	100	90.62
Co. L	3	46	49	..	5	5	3	51	54	90.74	85	80	75	100	90	90	100	100	90
Co. M	3	49	52	..	2	2	3	51	54	96.29	95	95	95	100	100	100	95	100	97.50

COLONEL J. W. FISHER, 5TH PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES

LIEUTENANT COLONEL G. A. WOODWARD, 2D PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES



COLORS OF FOURTH REGIMENT, P. R. V. C.



TOMB OF HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN, PENNSYLVANIA'S GREAT WAR GOVERNOR, AT BELLEFONTE, PA.

RECENT ORDERS.

Harrisburg, September 4, 1899.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 45.

I. Commissions have been issued for the following named officers:

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Major W. J. Ashenfelter, Surgeon, with rank from July 31, 1899.

Captain John M. B. Ward, Assistant Surgeon, with rank from July 31, 1899.

First Lieutenant Andrew Lyle Russell, Assistant Surgeon, with rank from July 31, 1899.

SECOND BRIGADE.

Major William S. McLain, Assistant Adjutant General, with rank from July 9, 1896, original.

THIRD BRIGADE.

Major Norman S. Farquhar, Judge Advocate, with rank from August 5, 1899, vice James W. Oakford, declined commission.

Major William P. Clarke, Ordnance Officer, with rank from May 17, 1897, original.

FIRST REGIMENT INFANTRY.

First Lieutenant Frank L. Mueller, Regimental Commissary, with rank from July 14, 1899, original.

First Lieutenant Walter M. Hotz, Battalion Adjutant, with rank from July 14, 1899, vice John L. Conaway, resigned.

Captain George B. Zane, Jr., Company G, with rank from July 11, 1899, vice George C. von der Lindt, commission expired.

First Lieutenant William B. Johnston, Company G, with rank from July 11, 1899, vice George B. Zane, Jr., to Captain.

FIFTH REGIMENT INFANTRY.

Lieutenant Colonel Rufus C. Elder, with rank from July 20, 1894, re-elected.

Major John S. Bare, with rank from August 3, 1899, vice John P. Kennedy, commission expired.

Major John H. West, with rank from August 3, 1899, vice Robert C. McNamara, commission expired.

Captain Samuel Blair, Chaplain with rank from July 8, 1899, vice Joseph F. Hartman, resigned.

First Lieutenant Willard P. Beardsley, Regimental Commissary with rank from July 8, 1899, original.

First Lieutenant David M. Caldwell, Regimental Inspector of Rifle Practice with rank from March 15, 1897, re-appointed.

First Lieutenant Willis E. Mackey, Battalion Adjutant, with rank from July 8, 1899, vice Harry M. Chaney, to Captain L, Twenty-first Regiment.

First Lieutenant John L. Watson, Company E, with rank from August 1, 1899, vice William P. Kelley, resigned.

Second Lieutenant John F. Weaver, Jr., Company E, with rank from August 1, 1899, vice John L. Watson, to First Lieutenant.

EIGHTH REGIMENT INFANTRY.

First Lieutenant George Lentz, Company A, with rank from June 30, 1899, vice Charles E. Lehman, commission expired.

First Lieutenant John S. Smith, Company C, with rank from August 18, 1899, vice Weller E. Stover, resigned.

First Lieutenant Edwin R. Bergstresser, Company D, with rank from June 9, 1899, vice Ezekias Laubenstein, commission expired.

Second Lieutenant Charles F. Etter, Company D, with rank from June 13, 1899, vice Edwin R. Bergstresser, to First Lieutenant.

Captain Jacob Britz, Company E, with rank from July 28, 1899, vice Andrew Comrey, resigned.

Captain William G. Speck, Company G, with rank from July 20, 1893, re-elected.

First Lieutenant John J. Duffy, Company K, with rank from July 25, 1899, vice G. Edward Farne, resigned.

Second Lieutenant Maurice J. Connors, Company K, with rank from July 25, 1899, vice John J. Duffy, to First Lieutenant.

NINTH REGIMENT INFANTRY.

Captain Michael J. Brennan, Company H, with rank from June 12, 1899, vice John T. Flannery, resigned.

Second Lieutenant William Collier, Company H, with rank from June 12, 1899, vice Michael J. Brennan, to Captain.

Captain George Booth Rice, Company M, with rank from July 17, 1899, vice William G. Simpson, resigned.

First Lieutenant Frank P. Casper, Company M, with rank from July 17, 1899, vice George B. Rice, to Captain.

ELEVENTH REGIMENT INFANTRY.

Second Lieutenant Warren S. Buckwalter, Company A, with rank from July 12, 1899, vice Adam J. O'Harra, resigned.

TWELFTH REGIMENT INFANTRY.

Colonel Charles M. Clement, with rank from August 17, 1899, vice James B. Coryell, commission expired.

First Lieutenant J. Beaver Gearhart, Company F, with rank from April 28, 1899, vice Rufus King Polk, to Aide-de-Camp, Third Brigade.

THIRTEENTH REGIMENT INFANTRY.

First Lieutenant Harry L. Dimmick, Company A, with rank from August 10, 1899, vice Samuel S. Derman, resigned.

Second Lieutenant George L. Daley, Company A, with rank from August 10, 1899, vice Edwin M. Gee, to First Lieutenant K, Eleventh Regiment.

First Lieutenant Edward H. Burkhouse, Company C, with rank from August 3, 1899, vice William A. Raub, to Captain G, Eleventh Regiment.

Second Lieutenant Thomas P. Murphy, Company C, with rank from August 3, 1899, vice David W. Davies, to First Lieutenant G, Eleventh Regiment.

Captain Arthur R. Foote, Company D, with rank from July 26, 1899, vice Thomas E. Gilman, resigned.

First Lieutenant William G. Davis, Company D with rank from July 26, 1899, vice William W. Inglis, resigned.

Second Lieutenant Lorenzo S. Bisbee, Company D, with rank from July 26, 1899, vice Arthur R. Foote, to Captain.

Captain John C. Harrington, Company G, with rank from August 4, 1899, vice Robert James McCausland, resigned.

First Lieutenant Richard A. Watrous, Company G, with rank from August 4, 1899, vice John C. Harrington, to Captain.

Captain John L. Huff, Company H, with rank from August 10, 1899, vice S. Wells Corwin, resigned.

First Lieutenant Thomas W. Parry, Company H, with rank from August 10, 1899, vice John L. Huff, to Captain.

Second Lieutenant Thomas E. Mills, Company H, with rank from August 16, 1899, vice John W. Benjamin, resigned.

FOURTEENTH REGIMENT INFANTRY.

Second Lieutenant Harry W. Studt, Company F, with rank from August 17, 1899, vice Robert M. Ewing, to Captain F, Seventeenth Regiment.

EIGHTEENTH REGIMENT INFANTRY.

Major John H. Rust, with rank from June 29, 1899, vice William H. Davis, commission expired.

Second Lieutenant William B. Allen, Company A, with rank from July 31, 1899, vice Elmer Heckman, to First Lieutenant.

Captain Edwin H. McFall, Company C, with rank from August 9 1899, vice Frank H. Burkhart, resigned.

First Lieutenant William H. Taylor, Company C, with rank from August 9, 1899, vice Edwin H. McFall, to Captain.

Second Lieutenant Alfred N. Riddle, Company C, with rank from August 9, 1899, vice Edwin H. McFall, to First Lieutenant.

First Lieutenant John B. Guthrie, Company K, with rank from July 31, 1899, vice Thomas A. Taylor, resigned.

Second Lieutenant Charles T. Elliott, Company K, with rank from July 21, 1899, vice John B. Guthrie, to First Lieutenant.

NINETEENTH REGIMENT INFANTRY.

Captain Bernard McCourt, Company K, with rank from August 22, 1898, re-elected.

TWENTY-FIRST REGIMENT INFANTRY.

First Lieutenant David B. McCalmont, Regimental Commissary, with rank from August 1, 1899, original.

II. The following named officers have tendered their resignations, the same have been accepted and they have been honorably discharged:

Captain William Brod, Company F, First Regiment Infantry, to date from July 24, 1899.

Second Lieutenant Henry F. Campbell, Company G, First Regiment Infantry, to date from August 1, 1899.

First Lieutenant Charles L. Peters, Company C, Second Regiment Infantry, to date from August 8, 1899.

Captain Samuel Willits, Company A, Fourth Regiment Infantry, to date from August 12, 1899.

Captain George Dyson, Company F, Fourth Regiment Infantry, to date from August 26, 1899.

First Lieutenant John Bishop, Company F, Fourth Regiment Infantry, to date from August 26, 1899.

First Lieutenant John F. J. Callahan, Company K, Ninth Regiment Infantry (late E, Seventh), to date from July 12, 1899.

Second Lieutenant Frank M. Herrington, Company F, Twelfth Regiment Infantry, to date from August 10, 1899.

Captain John W. Smith, Company G, Fifteenth Regiment Infantry, to date from July 19, 1899.

Second Lieutenant Dunham Barton, Company F, Eighteenth Regiment Infantry, to date from August 17, 1899.

III. The following named officers have been granted leave of absence:

Captain Dan C. Osborn, Company L, Eleventh Regiment Infantry (now F, Thirteenth), from July 5, 1899, to September 1, 1899.

Colonel Willis J. Hulings, Sixteenth Regiment Infantry, from August 19, 1899, to February 19, 1900, with permission to go beyond seas.

Captain Harry L. McKain, Company I, Eighteenth Regiment Infantry, from August 15, 1899, to September 15, 1899.

First Lieutenant William A. Simpson, Assistant Surgeon, Twenty-first Regiment Infantry, from August 7, 1899, to February 7, 1900, with permission to go beyond seas.

By order of
WILLIAM A. STONE,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief.
THOMAS J. STEWART,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF PENN'A,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

HARRISBURG, *September 25, 1899.*

GENERAL ORDERS,
No. 49.

I. The First, Second and Third Regiments Infantry, First Brigade, and Ninth Regiment Infantry, Third Brigade, having accepted the invitation, arranged to provide their own transportation, and expressed their intention to participate in the reception to be given Admiral George Dewey, U. S. Navy, in New York city, on September 30th, 1899, on the occasion of his return to the United States, will constitute a provisional brigade of the National Guard of Pennsylvania for the occasion named.

II. Brigadier General *John W. Schall*, commanding First Brigade, is hereby assigned to the command of the Provisional Brigade, and will report to Major General *Charles F. Roe*, No. 280 Broadway, New York city, for instructions as to hour and place of formation, etc.

III. Commanding Officers of regiments will be held to a strict accountability as to conduct and appearance of their commands, and none but *bona fide* officers and men of the respective commands will be paraded. Officers encouraging or permitting disobedience of this order will subject themselves to court-martial for disobedience of orders.

IV. The Commanding officer of the Provisional Brigade will forward to the Adjutant General through channels morning report showing strength of the command.

V. Transportation orders of the National Guard of Pennsylvania must not be used for this occasion except by the Commanding Officer of the Provisional Brigade for himself and staff.

By order of WILLIAM A. STONE,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief.
THOMAS J. STEWART,
Adjutant General.

Liverpool AND London AND Globe

INSURANCE COMPANY

United States Branch

Assets - - - - $9,339,545.33

Surplus over all Liabilities - $4,093,460.33

LOSSES PAID IN THE UNITED STATES

SIXTY-NINE MILLIONS

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE: 331-337 Walnut Street

ATWOOD SMITH, General Agent

Wm. H. Horstmann Company

Fifth and Cherry Streets

PHILADELPHIA

Military Uniforms and Equipments

for Officers and Enlisted Men

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION

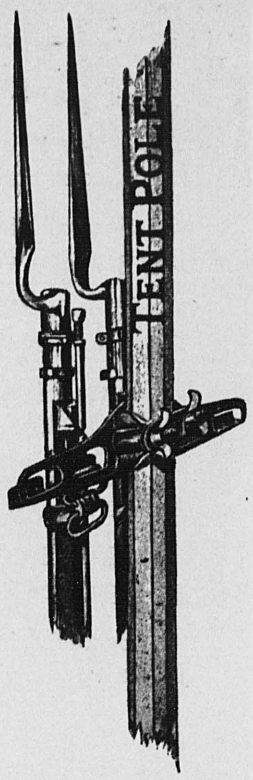
L. M. WILER'S

...Patent...

Gun Rack

For use on Tent Poles

Made of Malleable Iron



Wm. H. Horstmann Co.

SOLE AGENTS

FIFTH and CHERRY STS.

PHILADELPHIA

Front of Rack showing Rifles secured.

Back of Rack showing how it is attached to Tent Pole.

THOS. H. MAGINNISS, President — C. A. MAGINNISS, Sec'y & Treas.

Military . . Manufacturing Company . . .

45 North Thirteenth St.

U. S. Army
National Guards
Cadet Corps

PHILADELPHIA

Uniforms and Equipments

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE OF MILITARY GOODS

BELLAK

PIANOS

Weber, Gabler,
Emerson, Sterling,
Shoninger,
"The Pianophone."

Bargains in Used Pianos

BICYCLES

ELGIN + KING

$40.00

....KEATING....

$35, $40, $50, $75

1129 Chestnut Street

STUART & COMPANY

MERCHANT TAILORS

Uniforms and Equipments

1024 ARCH STREET
Philadelphia

For Army
Navy and
Military Schools

Citizens Suits to Order, $20.00 up

PRESENTATION

SWORDS

a Specialty

MILITARY .. AND .. NAVAL

EQUIPMENTS

CAPS, SWORDS, BELTS, SHOULDER STRAPS, COLLAR ORNAMENTS, CAMPAIGN HATS, LEGGINGS, ETC.

WRITE FOR PRICE LISTS

J. H. WILSON Company, Ltd.

928 ARCH ST., Philadelphia

GEORGE EVANS & CO.

Uniform Contractors

for ARMY, NAVY and NATIONAL GUARDS

Samples and Prices furnished upon Application

Uniforms for Bands and Firemen

132 NORTH FIFTH STREET

Philadelphia, Pa.